



StarFive  
赛昉科技

# Using VisionFive IIC to Read SHTC3 Data

with Python

Application Note

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# Legal Statements

Important legal notice before reading this documentation.

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# Preface

About this guide and technical support information.

## About this document

This application note provides steps to use VisionFive's IIC to read SHTC3 data through an example program with Python.






## Revision History

Table 0-1 Revision History

Version	Released	Revision
V1.1	2022-07-29	Added "cd" in the codeblock <pre>cd /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages</pre> to make it a complete command.

## Notes and notices

The following notes and notices might appear in this guide:

-  **Tip:**  
Suggests how to apply the information in a topic or step.
-  **Note:**  
Explains a special case or expands on an important point.
-  **Important:**  
Points out critical information concerning a topic or step.
-  **CAUTION:**  
Indicates that an action or step can cause loss of data, security problems, or performance issues.
-  **Warning:**  
Indicates that an action or step can result in physical harm or cause damage to hardware.

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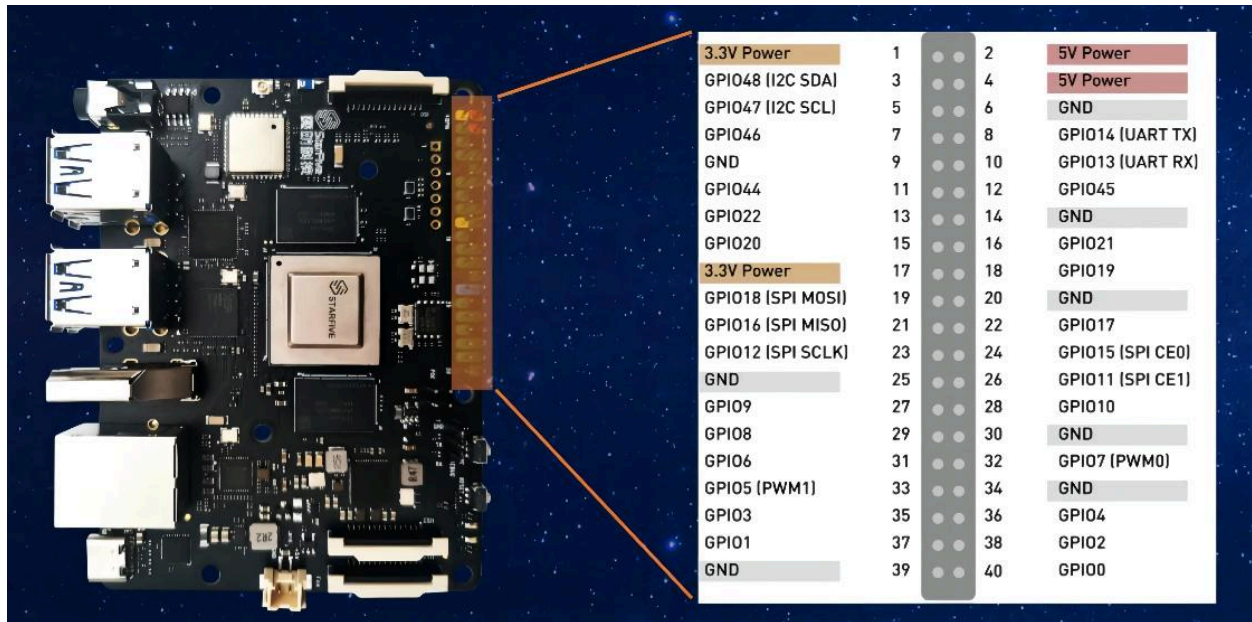
# 1. Introduction

This application note provides steps to use VisionFive's IIC to read SHTC3 data through an example program with Python.

## 1.1. 40-Pin Header Definition

The following figure shows the location of the 40-pin header. The VisionFive board is taken as an example:

Figure 1-1 40-Pin Definition



## 2. Preparation

Before executing the demo program, make sure you prepare the following:

### 2.1. Preparing Hardware

Prepare the following hardware items before running the demo code:

**Table 2-1 Hardware Preparation**

Type	M/O*	Item	Notes
General	M	StarFive single board computer	The following boards are applicable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• StarLight</li><li>• VisionFive</li></ul>
General	M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 16 GB (or more) micro-SD card</li><li>• micro-SD card reader</li><li>• Computer (Windows/MAC/Linux)</li><li>• USB to serial converter (3.3 V I/O)</li><li>• Ethernet cable</li><li>• Power adapter (5 V / 3 A)</li><li>• USB Type-C Cable</li></ul>	These items are used for flashing Fedora OS into a micro-SD card.
I2C Demo	M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sense Hat (B)</li><li>• Dupont Line</li></ul>	-



**Note:**

\*: M: Mandatory, O: Optional

#### 2.1.1. Hardware Setup

The following table and figure describe how to connect Sense HAT to the 40-pin header:



Table 2-2 Connect Sense Hat (B) to the 40-Pin Header

Sense HAT (B)	40-Pin GPIO Header	
	Pin Number	Pin Name
3V3	1	3.3V Power
GND	9	GND
SDA	3	GPIO48 (I2C SDA)
SCL	5	GPIO47 (I2C SCL)

Figure 2-1 Connect Sense Hat (B) to the 40-Pin Header

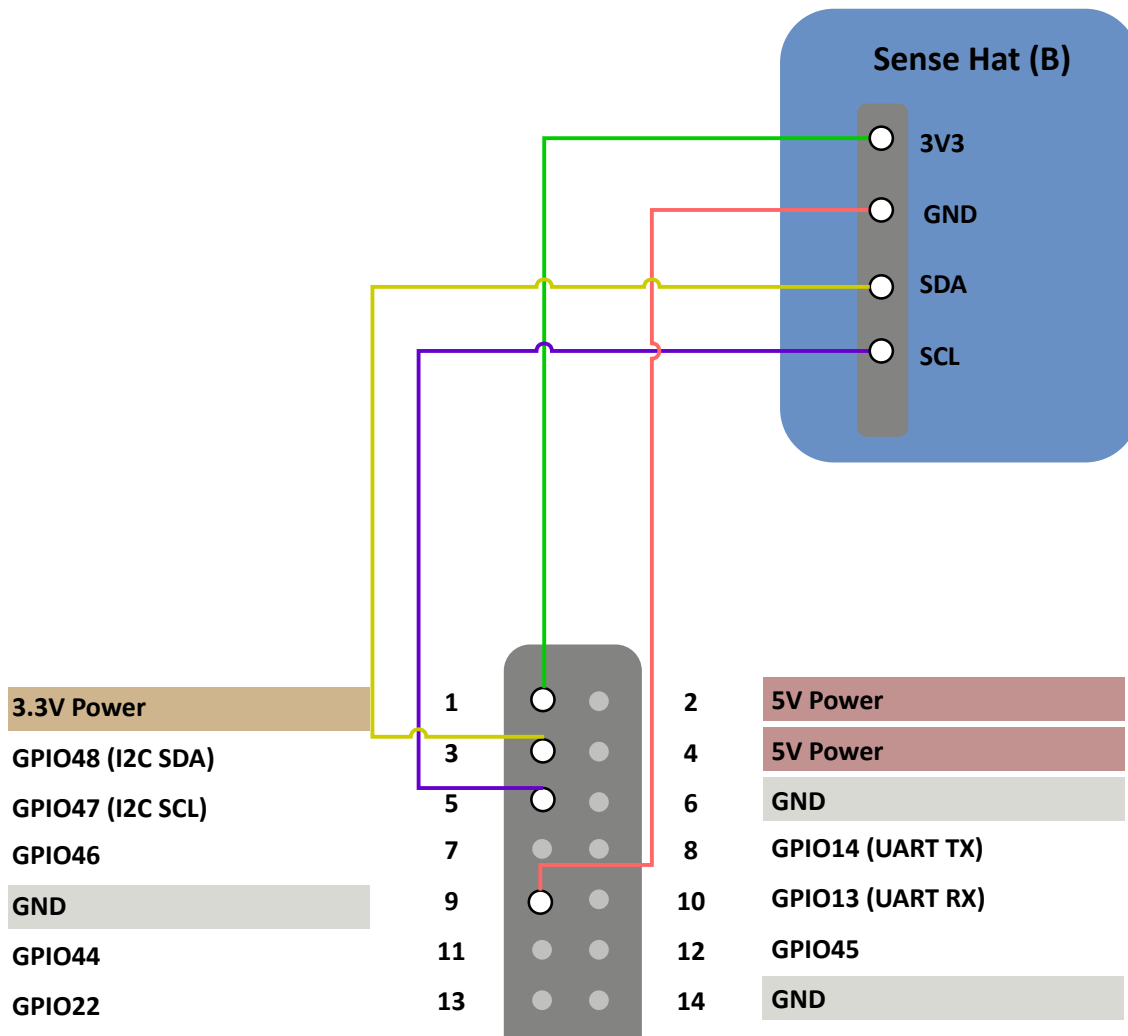
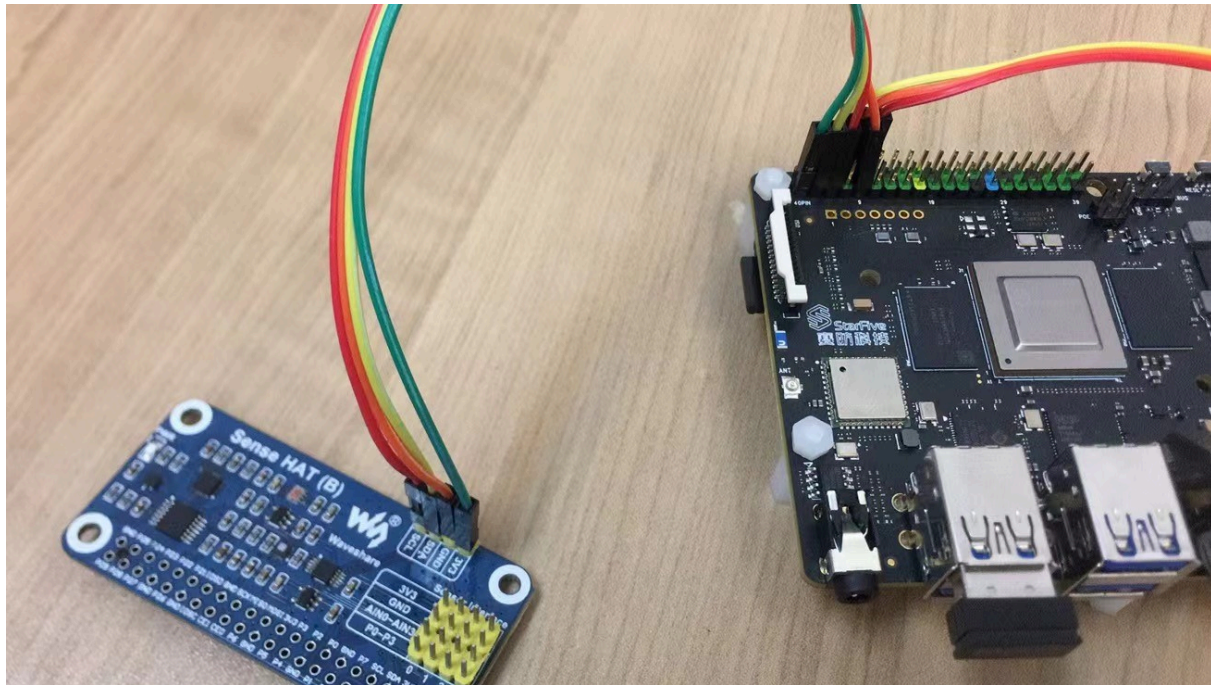


Figure 2-2 Connect Sense Hat (B) to the 40-Pin Header



## 2.2. Preparing Software

Make sure the following procedures are performed:

1. Flash Fedora OS into a Micro-SD card as described in the *Flashing Fedora OS to a Micro-SD Card* section in the *VisionFive Single Board Computer Quick Start Guide*.
2. Log into the Fedora and make sure VisionFive is connected to the Internet. For detailed instructions, refer to the *Using SSH over Ethernet* or *Using a USB to Serial Converter* section in the *VisionFive Single Board Computer Quick Start Guide*.
3. Execute the `pip` command on VisionFive Fedora to install the `VisionFive.gpio` package:

```
sudo pip install VisionFive.gpio
```

Alternatively, you can execute the following command:

```
sudo pip3 install VisionFive.gpio
```

4. (Optional) If you copy the source code to the local directory under VisionFive Fedora, execute the following commands under the source code directory:

**i** **Tip:**

The source code can be downloaded by clicking the following link: [VisionFive.gpio](https://github.com/starfive/VisionFive.gpio).

```
sudo yum install python-devel python3-devel  
sudo python setup.py install
```

Alternatively, you can execute the following command:

```
sudo python3 setup.py install
```

---

## 3. Running Demo Code

To run the demo code, perform the following on VisionFive Fedora:

1. Locate to the directory where the test code, `I2C_Sense_Hat.py`, exists:
  - a. Execute the following command to get the directory where `VisionFive.gpio` exists:

```
pip show VisionFive.gpio
```

### Example Result:

```
Location: /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages
```



### Note:

The actual output depends on how the application is installed.

- b. Execute the following to enter the directory, for example, `/usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages` as indicated in the previous step output:

```
cd /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages
```

- c. Execute the following command to enter the `sample-code` directory:

```
cd ./VisionFive/sample-code/
```

2. Under the `sample-code` directory, execute the following command to run the demo code:

```
sudo python I2C_Sense_Hat.py
```

Alternatively, you can execute the following command:

```
sudo python3 I2C_Sense_Hat.py
```

### Result:

The temperature and the humidity data are displayed on the terminal:

```
[riscv@fedora-starfive sample-code]$ sudo python3 I2C_Sense_Hat.py
i2c_dev: /dev/i2c-1
Temperature = 27.85°C , Humidity = 56.59 %

Temperature = 27.83°C , Humidity = 56.60 %

Temperature = 27.85°C , Humidity = 56.61 %

Temperature = 27.86°C , Humidity = 56.60 %
```

Temperature = 27.86°C , Humidity = 56.60 %

Temperature = 27.80°C , Humidity = 56.60 %

Temperature = 27.87°C , Humidity = 56.60 %

---

## 4. Demo Source Code

The Python source code of this demo is provided for reference purpose only.

I2C\_Sense\_Hat.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/python
'''
Please make sure the sense HAT(B) is connected to the correct pins.
The following table describes how to connect the Sense HAT(B) to the 40-pin
header.

-----
__Sense HAT (B)__Pin Number__Pin Name
3V3                1          3.3 V Power
GND                9          GND
SDA                3          I2C SDA
SCL                5          I2C SCL
-----

'''

import sys
import struct
import fcntl
import os
import math
import time
import VisionFive.i2c as I2C

SHTC3_I2C_ADDRESS = 0x70
I2C_SLAVE = 0x0703
I2C_DEVICE = "/dev/i2c-1"

##Commands
cmd_dict = {
    "SHTC3_WakeUp": 0x3517,
    "SHTC3_Sleep": 0xB098,
    "SHTC3_NM_CE_ReadTH": 0x7CA2,
    "SHTC3_NM_CE_ReadRH": 0x5C24,
    "SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadTH": 0x7866,
    "SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadRH": 0x58E0,
    "SHTC3_LM_CE_ReadTH": 0x6458,
    "SHTC3_LM_CE_ReadRH": 0x44DE,
    "SHTC3_LM_CD_ReadTH": 0x609C,
    "SHTC3_LM_CD_ReadRH": 0x401A,
    "SHTC3_Software_RES": 0x401A,
    "SHTC3_ID": 0xEFC8,
    "CRC_POLYNOMIAL": 0x131,
}
```

```

def SHTC3_CheckCrc(data, len, checksum):
    crc = 0xff
    for byteCtr in range(0, len):
        crc ^= data[byteCtr]
        for bit in range(8, 0, -1):
            if(crc & 0x80):
                crc = (crc << 1) ^ cmd_dict["CRC_POLYNOMIAL"]
            else:
                crc = crc << 1
    if (crc != checksum):
        return 1
    else:
        return 0

def SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd):
    buf0 = (cmd >> 8) & 0xff
    buf1 = cmd & 0xff
    buf = [buf0, buf1]
    I2C.write(buf)

def SHTC3_WAKEUP():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_WakeUp"])
    time.sleep(0.03)

def SHTC3_SLEEP():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_Sleep"])

def SHTC_SOFT_RESET():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_Software_RES"])
    time.sleep(0.03)

def getdata():
    time.sleep(0.02)
    buf_list = I2C.read(3)
    checksum = buf_list[2]
    DATA = 0
    if (not SHTC3_CheckCrc(buf_list, 2, checksum)):
        DATA = (buf_list[0] << 8 | buf_list[1])
    return DATA

def SHTC3_Read_DATA():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadTH"])
    TH_DATA = getdata()
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadRH"])
    RH_DATA = getdata()
    TH_DATA = 175 * TH_DATA / 65536.0 - 45.0    #Calculate the temperature
value.
    RH_DATA = 100 * RH_DATA / 65536.0        #Calculate the humidity value.

```

```
DATA = [TH_DATA, RH_DATA]
return DATA

def getTem():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadTH"])
    TH_DATA = getdata()
    TH_DATA = 175 * TH_DATA / 65536.0 - 45.0    #Calculate the temperature
value.
    return TH_DATA

def getHum():
    SHTC3_WriteCommand(cmd_dict["SHTC3_NM_CD_ReadRH"])
    RH_DATA = getdata()
    RH_DATA = 100 * RH_DATA / 65536.0        #Calculate the humidity value.
    return RH_DATA

def main():
    #Open the Sense HAT by I2C.
    ret = I2C.open(I2C_DEVICE, SHTC3_I2C_ADDRESS)
    if (ret < 0):
        return 0

    SHTC_SOFT_RESET()
    i = 0
    while i < 7:
        Temp = getTem()
        Hum = getHum()
        SHTC3_SLEEP()
        SHTC3_WAKEUP()
        print("Temperature = {:.2f}°C , Humidity = {:.2f} %\n".format(Temp,
Hum))
        i = i + 1

    I2C.close()
    return 0

if __name__ == "__main__":
    sys.exit(main())
```