JH-7110 Boot User Guide

VisionFive 2

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Legal Statements

Important legal notice before reading this documentation.

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Preface

About this guide and technical support information.

About this document

This document mainly provides the StarFive JH-7110 users and partners with a high-level understanding of how their SoC JH-7110 and single board computer VisionFive 2 are boot up.

Revision History

Table 0-1 Revision History

Version	Released	Revision
1.4	2024/12/11	Updated the Boot Process Memory Map *(on page 14)*.
1.3	2023/09/07	Updated the boot sequence.
1.2	2023/07/14	Since StarFive no longer recommends JH-7110 users to boot directly from SD card and eMMC, removed all the relevant descriptions and updated the boot flow diagram.
1.1.3	2023/05/10	Updated VisionFive 2 Boot Mode Settings *(on page 15)*.
1.1.2	2022/02/02	Minor change. Corrected a typo in the offset value in Boot Address Allocation *(on page 7)*.
1.1.1	2022/01/19	Minor change. Removed duplicate sections delivered also in other documents.
1.1	2022/01/18	Refined the boot process and republish.
1.0	2022/01/16	First official release.

Notes and notices

The following notes and notices might appear in this guide:

- **Tip:**
  Suggests how to apply the information in a topic or step.
- **Note:**
  Explains a special case or expands on an important point.
- **Important:**
  Points out critical information concerning a topic or step.
- **CAUTION:**
  Indicates that an action or step can cause loss of data, security problems, or performance issues.
- **Warning:**
  Indicates that an action or step can result in physical harm or cause damage to hardware.

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1. Introduction

1.1. Overview

This document is intended to:

- Introduce all the boot stages of booting a Linux operating system on JH-7110.
- Provide instructions for how an image package is generated and where it is located.
- Provide instructions for how to write different media and where to boot.

The code sources referenced in this document are based on the following conditions:

- OpenSBI v1.2
- U-Boot version: 2021.10
- Linux Kernel version: 5.15
- Hardware Board: VisionFive 2 1.2A/1.3B

Note:
For different U-Boot or Linux Kernel versions, these references may be slightly different.

File Locations

Locate the JH-7110 *Software Development Kit (SDK)* with the following information.

- **Repository**: https://github.com/starfive-tech/VisionFive2
- **Branch**: JH7110_VisionFive2_devel
- **Tag**: Select the newest tag. For example, VF2_v2.11.5 is newer than VF2_v2.10.10.

1.2. Boot Sources

The power domain **AON_RGPIO** is used to select the boot vector and BootLoader source and offer multiple methods to obtain the BootLoader image.

The JH-7110 SoC can boot from one of the sources listed in the following table, as selected by the AON_RGPIO[1,0] (0x1702002c).

Table 1-1 Values for Boot Source Selection

Processor	BootROM	Boot Vector	Source List
U74	0x00_2A00_0000	0x00_1301_0000	Quad SPI NOR flash memory
		0x00_1000_0000	UART0

1.3. Boot Address Allocation

The following table shows the boot allocation for 16 M Flash.

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Table 1-2 16 M Flash Boot Address Allocation

Offset	Length	Description
0x0	0x80000	SPL
0xF0000	0x10000	U-Boot environment variables
0x100000	0x400000	`fw_payload.img` (OpenSBI + U-Boot)
0x600000	0x1000000	Reseved

Note:
Since document release 1.2, boot from SD Card or eMMC is no longer recommended. But to maintain the code structure, the following SD/eMMC boot address allocations are modified as "reserved". Be aware of this change when designing your device based on JH-7110.

Table 1-3 SD/eMMC Boot Address Allocation

Offset	Length	Description	Comment
0x0	0x200	GPT PMBR	0x4: Backup address
0x200	0x200	GPT Header	
0x400	0x1F_FC00	Reserved	
0x20_0000	0x20_0000	Reserved	Partition 1
0x40_0000	0x40_0000	Reserved	Partition 2
0x80_0000	0x1240_0000	Initramfs + `UEnv.txt`	Partition 3
0x12C0_0000	End of disk	System rootfs	Partition 4

1.4. BootROM

BootROM is a hard-coded boot program written in the address offset of 0x2A00_0000 on JH-7110. The program is basically used to load and execute the Secondary Program Loader (SPL).

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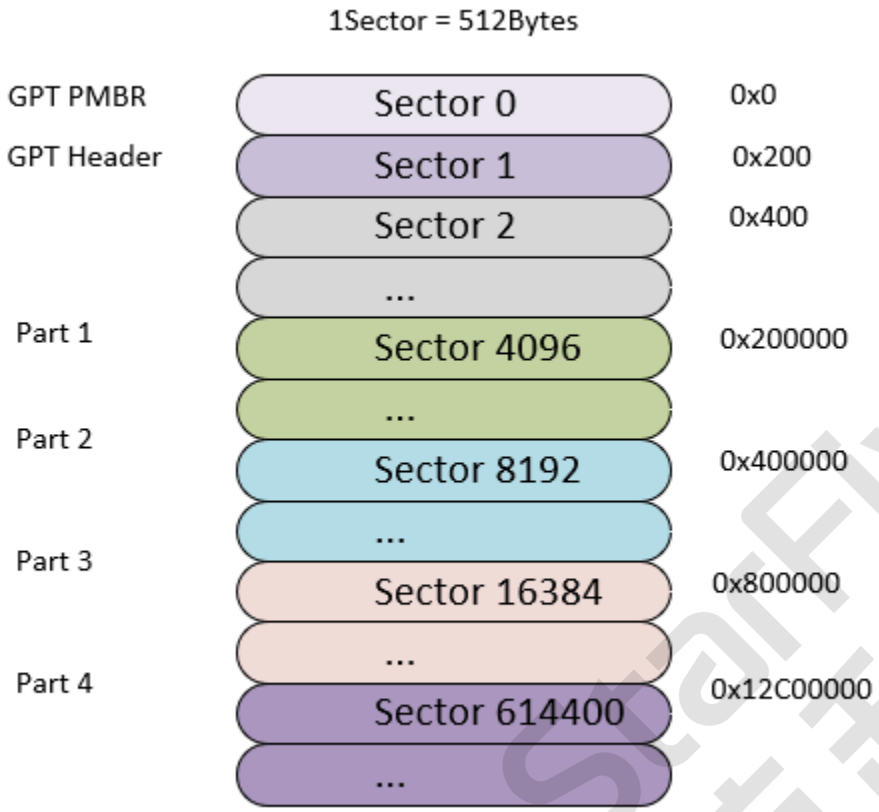
Figure 1-1 SD/eMMC Boot Address Partitions



BootROM enables developers to insert programs from different media accesses, including QSPI flash and UART, by reading SPL to SRAM (0x8000000).

By using the bit of AON_RGPIO[1,0] (0x1702002c), developers can confirm their boot mode.

The following table explains the procedure of how BootROM loads resources.

Table 1-4 How BootROM loads resources

RGPIO1	RGPIO0	Boot Source	Comments
0x0	0x0	Quad SPI NOR flash memory	Read SPL from Sector 0.
0x1	0x1	UART0	When the system detects the boot-mode of UART has been chosen, it will enter Xmodem Receiver Mode. Users can then import recovery programs in Xmodem mode using serial cable connections. Once the files are confirmed with transmission complete BootROM will run the recovery programs automatically.

Note:
Besides in the BootROM, you can also change the backup address in the `spl_tool`.

1.5. SPL

SPL is a boot program based on U-Boot. The primary use of SPL is to facilitate DDR initialization and to load the image file `fw_payload.img` (U-Boot + OpenSBI). SPL reads `fw_payload.img` from the address 0x100000 and then loads it to the address 0x40000000 of the DDR for operation.

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1.6. OpenSBI

The binary of OpenSBI is packaged with the binary compiled by U-Boot in the way of payload to generate the final `fw_payload.bin`. The main functions of OpenSBI are:

- Provide basic system calls for Linux
- Switch the mode from M mode to S mode
- Jump to 0x4020_0000 (located in DDR) to execute U-Boot

The normal output information is illustrated in the following figure.

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Figure 1-2 OpenSBI Output Example

```
U-Boot SPL 2021.10-00008-g48be500431-dirty (Jun 28 2023 - 18:39:23 +0800)
DDR: 8G version: g8ad50857.
Trying to boot from SPI

OpenSBI v1.2
   ____                    _____ ____ _____
  / __ \                  / ____|  _ \_   _|
 | |  | |_ __   ___ _ __ | (___ | |_) || |
 | |  | | '_ \ / _ \ '_ \ \___ \|  _ < | |
 | |__| | |_) |  __/ | | |____) | |_) || |_
  \____/| .__/ \___|_| |_|_____/|___/_____|
        | |
        |_|

Platform Name             : StarFive VisionFive V2
Platform Features         : medeleg
Platform HART Count       : 5
Platform IPI Device       : aclint-mswi
Platform Timer Device     : aclint-mtimer @ 4000000Hz
Platform Console Device   : uart8250
Platform HSM Device       : ---
Platform PMU Device       : ---
Platform Reboot Device    : pm-reset
Platform Shutdown Device  : pm-reset
Platform Suspend Device   : ---
Firmware Base             : 0x40000000
Firmware Size             : 392 KB
Firmware RW Offset        : 0x40000
Runtime SBI Version       : 1.0

Domain0 Name              : root
Domain0 Boot HART         : 1
Domain0 HARTs             : 0*,1*,2*,3*,4*
Domain0 Region00          : 0x0000000002000000-0x000000000200ffff M: (I,R,W) S/U: ()
Domain0 Region01          : 0x0000000040000000-0x000000004003ffff M: (R,X) S/U: ()
Domain0 Region02          : 0x0000000040040000-0x000000004007ffff M: (R,W) S/U: ()
Domain0 Region03          : 0x0000000000000000-0xffffffffffffffff M: (R,W,X) S/U: (R,W,X)
Domain0 Next Address      : 0x0000000040200000
Domain0 Next Arg1         : 0x0000000042200000
Domain0 Next Mode         : S-mode
Domain0 SysReset          : yes
Domain0 SysSuspend        : yes

Boot HART ID              : 1
Boot HART Domain          : root
Boot HART Priv Version    : v1.11
Boot HART Base ISA        : rv64imafdcbx
Boot HART ISA Extensions  : none
Boot HART PMP Count       : 8
Boot HART PMP Granularity : 4096
Boot HART PMP Address Bits: 34
Boot HART MHPM Count      : 2
Boot HART MIDELEG         : 0x0000000000000222
```

1.7. U-Boot

U-Boot runs at 0x4020_0000 and works in S mode. It contains basic file system and commonly used peripheral drivers (such as GMAC, UART, QSPI, SDIO, etc.). U-Boot can load the kernel image through ETH (Network), UART, QSPI, SDIO or NVMe (SSD).

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Figure 1-3 U-Boot Screen

```
U-Boot 2021.10 (Nov 10 2022 - 13:29:36 +0800), Build: jenkins-VF2_515_Branch_SDK_Release-12

CPU:   rv64imacu
Model: StarFive VisionFive V2
DRAM:  4 GiB
MMC:   sdio0@16010000: 0, sdio1@16020000: 1
Loading Environment from SPIFlash... SF: Detected gd25lq128 with page size 256 Bytes, erase size 4 KiB, total 16 MiB
*** Warning - bad CRC, using default environment

StarFive EEPROM format v2

--------EEPROM INFO--------
Vendor : StarFive Technology Co., Ltd.
Product full SN: VF7110A1-2238-D004E000-00000001
data version: 0x2
PCB revision: 0xa1
BOM revision: A
Ethernet MAC0 address: 6c:cf:39:6c:de:12
Ethernet MAC1 address: 6c:cf:39:7c:ae:13
--------EEPROM INFO--------

In:    serial@10000000
Out:   serial@10000000
Err:   serial@10000000
Model: StarFive VisionFive V2
Net:   eth0: ethernet@16030000, eth1: ethernet@16040000
switch to partitions #0, OK
mmc1 is current device
found device 1
bootmode flash device 1
Failed to load 'uEnv.txt'
Can't set block device
Hit any key to stop autoboot:  0
StarFive #
```

Note:
Visit RVspace to make sure you have the most updated files and installation packages from StarFive. Press **Enter** to confirm the operation or for the next command.

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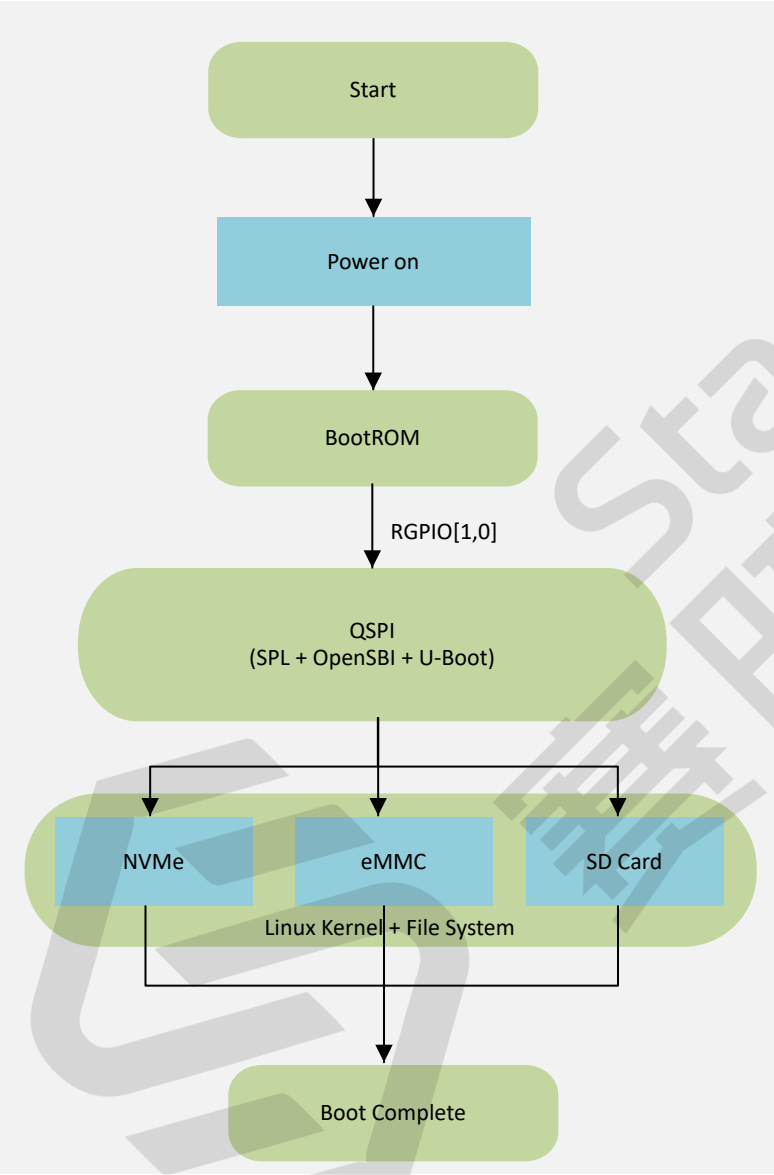
2. Boot Flow

This chapter introduces the general boot-up process of the JH-7110 SoC including the image used for boot path, etc.

You can boot from the U-Boot TPL/SPL from StarFive U-Boot, which is the image source code.

The following menu-cascade shows typical JH-7110 boot flow: **BootROM > SPL + Open SBI + U-Boot > Kernel + File System > Boot Complete**.

Figure 2-1 Boot Flow



Boot Devices

JH-7110 supports the following boot devices.

- QSPI Flash (For **SPL + OpenSBI + U-Boot**) + SD Card/eMMC /NVMe (For **Kernel + File System** and later)

Note:
System will detect in sequence whether it can boot from the following device sequence: **SD > eMMC > NVMe**. For example, if the boot program is found on the SD, eMMC will be ignored.

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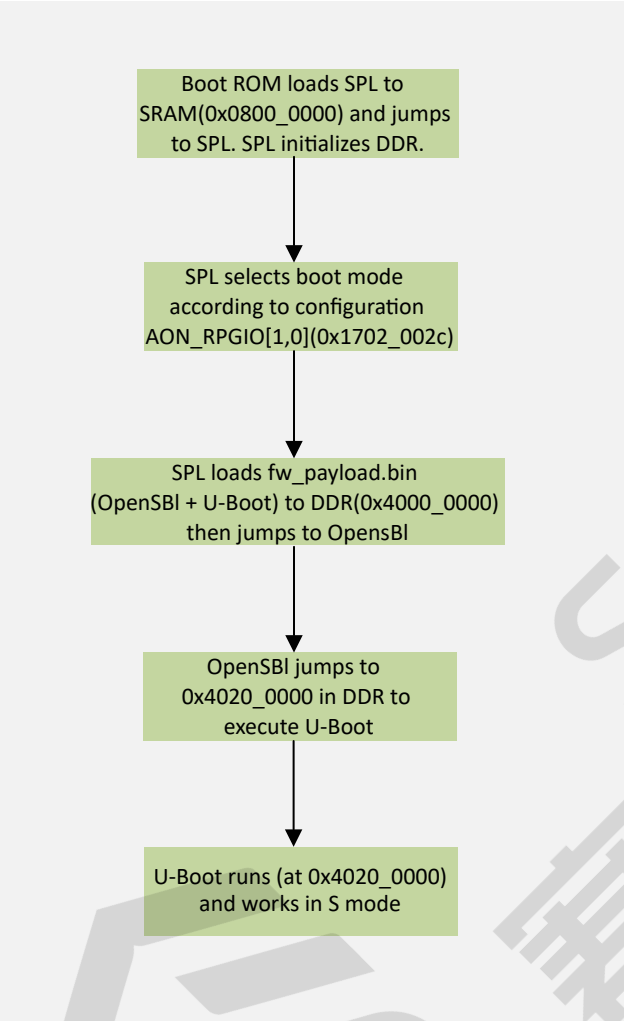
3. Boot Process Memory Map

The following diagram shows the memory map of boot process for JH-7110 on VisionFive 2.

Figure 3-1 Boot Process Memory Map



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4. VisionFive 2 Boot Mode Settings

VisionFive 2 provides pins to determine the boot mode before it is powered up. The following are the available boot modes and details.

Table 4-1 Boot Mode Settings

Index	Boot Mode	RGPIO_1	RGPIO_0
1	1-bit QSPI Nor Flash	0 (L)	0 (L)
2	SDIO3.0	0 (L)	1(H)
3	eMMC	1 (H)	0 (L)
4	UART	1 (H)	1 (H)

Note:

StarFive recommends that you use *1-bit QSPI Nor Flash* mode since there is a low possibility that the VisionFive 2 may fail to boot in eMMC or SDIO3.0 boot mode. Try restarting the VisionFive 2 if fails to boot in eMMC or SDIO3.0 boot mode.

The following figure displays the location and the pin definitions of the boot mode settings.

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Figure 4-1 Boot Mode Setting Location

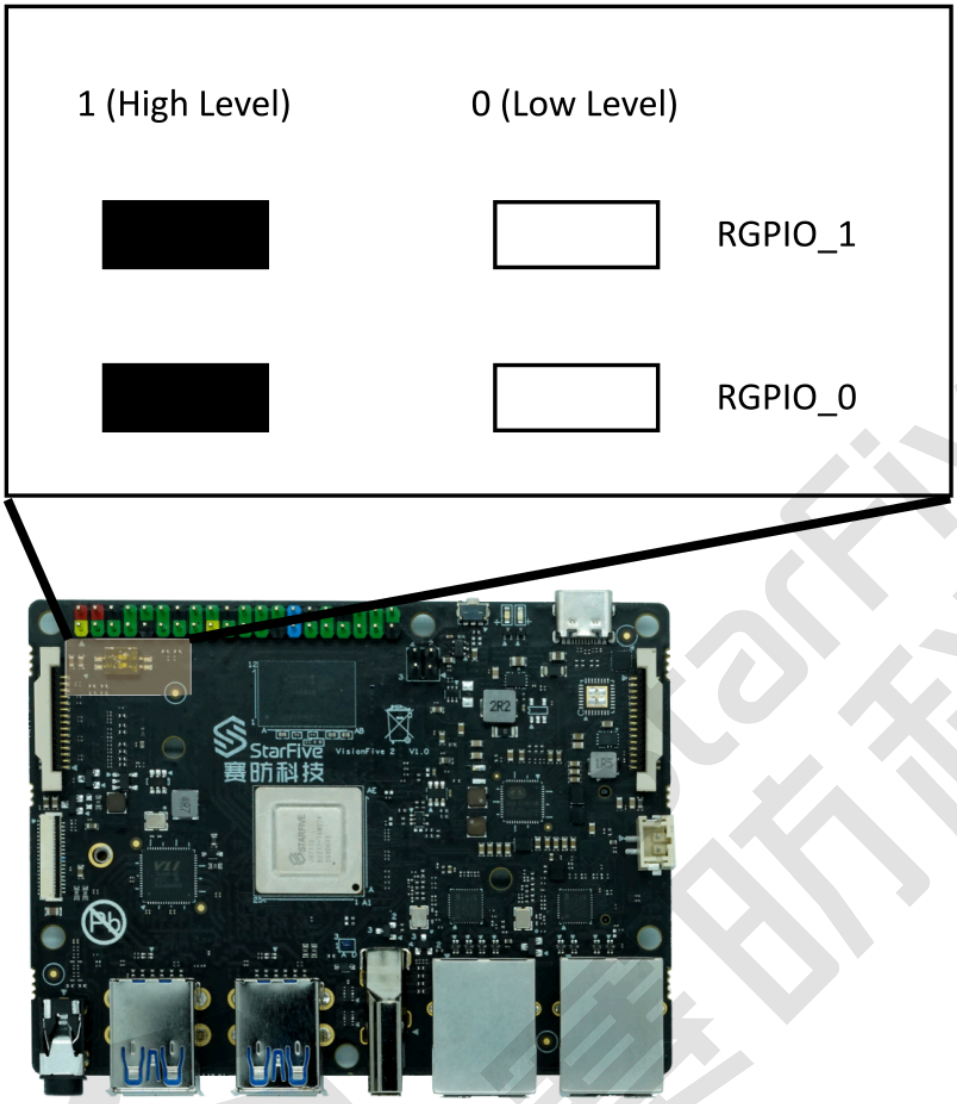

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Figure 4-2 Boot Mode Settings

QSPI

RGPIO_1: 0 (L)
RGPIO_0: 0 (L)

SDIO

RGPIO_1: 0 (L)
RGPIO_0: 1 (H)

eMMC

RGPIO_1: 1 (H)
RGPIO_0: 0 (L)

UART

RGPIO_1: 1 (H)
RGPIO_0: 1 (H)

Note: H for high level; L for low level.

Note:
The silk prints may vary with different versions of boards.

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