

# VisionFive 2 AI Kit Quick Start Guide

Version: 1.0 Date: 2024/11/07 Doc ID: VisionFive 2-QSGCH-002

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Important legal notice before reading this documentation.

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## Preface

About this guide and technical support information.

### About this document

This document mainly provides the users with basic information and compilation methods about StarFive VisionFive 2 AI Kit, including hardware and software preparation, compilation, demo cases.

### **Version History**

### **Table 0-1 Version History**

Version	Released	Revision	
1.0	2024/11/07	The First Official Release.	

### Notes and notices

The following notes and notices might appear in this guide:

• 🥡 Tip:

Suggests how to apply the information in a topic or step.

Note:

Explains a special case or expands on an important point.

Important:

Points out critical information concerning a topic or step.

### 

Indicates that an action or step can cause loss of data, security problems, or performance issues.

### Warning:

Indicates that an action or step can result in physical harm or cause damage to hardware.

### 1. Introduction

VisionFive 2 AI Kit is jointly launched by StarFive and Hailo. It aims to provide the most cost-effective high-performance RISC-V AI solutions for applications in edge computing, industrial intelligence, security, robotics, gateway routing, smart home and other fields.

VisionFive 2 AI Kit bundles the VisionFive 2 high performance RISC-V SBC with a Hailo-8L M.2 AI acceleration module: Using VisionFive 2 as the platform, HailoRT, HailoRT-driver, Tappas and other components were ported and run on it. By combining PCIe with Hailo-8L AI module, AI application acceleration was achieved, and YOLOv5, YOLOv8, MobileNet\_SSD and other models were successfully run on it. The Kit provides an low latency and power efficient way to integrate complex AI vision applications and efficiently perform deep learning inference tasks such as object recognition, image segmentation, and pose analysis.



### 2. Preparation

This chapter mainly introduces the preparations required for VisionFive 2 AI Kit, including:

- Hardware Preparation (on page 8)
- Software Preparation (on page 8)

### 2.1. Hardware Preparation

### **Required Hardware**

- VisionFive 2
- Micro SD card (32 GB or more)
- Hailo-8L M.2 AI acceleration module
- USB camera (logi HD 1080P)
- An HDMI monitor
- Heat sink or fan (for cooling Hailo-8L M.2 Al acceleration module)
- A keyboard
- A mouse

### **Connection Type**

The Hailo-8L AI acceleration module is connected through the M.2 M-Key of VisionFive 2, as shown in the following figure:



StarFive recommends you to use a heart sink or a fan for heat dissipation.

### Figure 2-1 VisionFive 2 AI Kit



### 2.2. Software Preparation

This section introduces the following 3 required software preparations:

- Required Image/Code Version (on page 9)
- Image Flash/Dependency Library Installation (on page 9)
- Obtain Source Code and Apply Patches (on page 10)

### **Required Image/Code Version**

- <u>Debian12</u> (202409)
- debian-deb (To adapt to the updated files such as Debian kernel packages required by Hailo)
- Tappas (3.30.0, daffd36ecab5110d47107255fd7ec4c779758f2e)
- HailoRT (v4.19.0, ac19e12b86170e1b0967e7d8aa607a0100cb0077)
- HailoRT-driver (v4.19.0, eb2a8649752abd424c6d2e5109e9ec92d6d2d5f6)
- Hailort and Tappas patches (Used for adapting VisionFive 2's HailoRT and Tappas patches)
- <u>NpuDetectorLib demo</u>

### Image Flash/Dependency Library Installation

1. Please refer to the link to flash Debian into SD card.



StarFive recommendS you to perform following operations under user account to avoid permission exceptions caused by root account.

- 2. Update kernel and head files:
  - a. Run the following command to download and extract the hailort-deb-1.tar.gz file:

\$ tar -xzvf hailort-deb-1.tar.gz

b. Run the following command to update u-boot-menu:

```
$ cd hailort-deb
$ sudo dpkg -i u-boot-menu_4.2.2-SF113_all.deb
```

- c. Run the following command to update the kernel, header files, libc library, and VPU driver:
  - \$ **cd** 6.6 \$ sudo dpkg -i ./\*
- d. Run the following command to reboot system:

\$ sudo reboot

- 3. Run the following command to install dependencies:
  - \$ sudo apt install make cmake automake build-essential autoconf bc bison meson flex wget curl git
    git-lfs libgirepository1.0-dev gcc g++ rsync x11-utils -y
- 4. Install Python environment. Install python3-platformdirs. The new version of Snapshot does not support python3 platformdirs below version 3.0 and requires manual retrieval and installation:

```
$ wget
```

```
https://snapshot.debian.org/archive/debian/20221210T034654Z/pool/main/p/platformdirs/python3-platformd
irs_2.6.0-1_all.deb && sudo dpkg -i python3-platformdirs_2.6.0-1_all.deb
$ sudo apt install python3.11 python3.11-dev python3-setuptools python3-virtualenv python3-pip
python-gi-dev -y
```

5. Run the following command to install GStreamer related library:

<sup>\$</sup> sudo apt install libgstreamer-plugins-badl.0-dev libgstreamer-plugins-basel.0-dev libgstreamer1.0-dev
-y

#### | 2 - Preparation

6. Run the following command to install OpenCV and GStreamer add-ons:

\$ sudo apt install libopencv\*-dev libssl-dev pciutils libcairo2-dev libzmq3-dev gstreamer1.0-tools -y

7. Execute the following command to install Rust:

```
Note:
```

This is required when compiling packages such as pydantic.

```
$ curl --proto '=https' --tlsv1.2 -sSf https://sh.rustup.rs | sh
$ source "$HOME/.cargo/env"
```

8. Run the following command to specify python3 as python3.11:

\$ sudo update-alternatives --install /usr/bin/python3 python3 /usr/bin/python3.11 1

#### **Obtain Source Code and Apply Patches**

- Run the following command to obtain the Tappas source code and apply it:
  - \$ git clone https://github.com/hailo-ai/tappas.git
  - \$ cd tappas
  - \$ git checkout daffd36ecab5110d47107255fd7ec4c779758f2e
  - \$ cp path\_to\_hailo\_patches/0001-Added-tappas-adaptation-to-VisionFive2.patch ./
  - \$ git apply 0001-Added-tappas-adaptation-to-VisionFive2.patch
- Run the following command to obtain the HailoRT source code and apply it:

```
Note:
```

Please pull and store it in the Tappas path for future compilation.

```
$ mkdir -p tappas/hailort
```

- \$ **cd** tappas/hailort
- \$ git clone https://github.com/hailo-ai/hailort.git sources
- \$ **cd** source
- \$ git checkout ac19e12b86170e1b0967e7d8aa607a0100cb0077
- \$ cp path\_to\_hailo\_patches/0001-Added-HailoRT-adaptation-to-VisionFive2.patch ./
- \$ git apply 0001-Added-HailoRT-adaptation-to-VisionFive2.patch
- Run the following command to obtain the HailoRT-drivers source code and apply it:
  - \$ git clone https://github.com/hailo-ai/hailort-drivers.git
  - \$ cd hailort-driver
  - \$ git checkout eb2a8649752abd424c6d2e5109e9ec92d6d2d5f6

### 3. Compilation

### HailoRT

1. Run the following command to compile HailoRT:

```
$ cd tappas/hailort/sources
$ cmake -S. -Bbuild -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Release -DHAILO_BUILD_GSTREAMER=1
$ sudo cmake --build build --config release --target gsthailo install -j4
```

As shown in the following figure, after the compilation and installation of HailoRT, the hailort\_dma-heap. h head file is missing from the installation path and needs to be copied to the corresponding path manually:

Figure 3-1 Missing he		
user@starfive:/usr/loc	al/include/hailo\$ ls	
buffer.hpp	hailort common.hpp	platform.h
device.hpp	hailort_defaults.hpp	guantization.hpp
dma mapped buffer.hpp	hef.hpp	runtime statistics.hpp
event.hpp	infer model.hpp	stream.hpp
expected.hpp	inference pipeline.hpp	transform.hpp
hailort.h	network group.hpp	vdevice.hpp
hailort.hpp	network rate calculator.hpp	vstream.hpp
user@starfive:/usr/loc	al/include/hailo\$ ls /home/us	er/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/include/hailo/
buffer.hpp	hailort defaults.hpp	quantization.hpp
device.hpp	hailort_dma-heap.h	runtime statistics.hpp
dma mapped buffer.hpp	hef.hpp	stream.hpp
event.hpp	infer model.hpp	transform.hpp
expected.hpp	inference pipeline.hpp	vdevice.hpp
hailort.h	network_group.hpp	vstream.hpp
hailort.hpp	<pre>network_rate_calculator.hpp</pre>	
hailort common.hpp	platform.h	
user@starfive:/usr/loc	al/include/hailo¢	

2. Run the following command to copy the hailort\_dma\_heap.h head file to the corresponding path:

\$ sudo cp hailort/libhailort/include/hailo/hailort\_dma-heap.h /usr/local/include/hailo/

Otherwise, the following errors will be encountered during Tappas compilation and installation:

### Figure 3-2 Error

Build files have been written to: /home/user/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/bindings/gstreamer/build
[ 6%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/gsthailo.dir/gst-hailo/gsthailoplugin.cpp.o
In file included from /home/user/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/bindings/gstreamer/gst-hailo/os/linux/dma_b
uf_allocator_wrapper.hpp:24,
from /home/user/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/bindings/gstreamer/gst-hailo/gsthailonet.hp
p:31,
from /home/user/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/bindings/gstreamer/gst-hailo/gsthailoplugin
.cpp:23:
/home/user/tappas/hailort/sources/hailort/libhailort/bindings/gstreamer/gst-hailo/os/linux///gsthailo_dmabuf_alloc
ator.hpp:24:10: fatal error: hailo/hailort_dma-heap.h: No such file or directory
24   #include "hailo/hailort_dma-heap.h"
compilation terminated.
<pre>gmake[2]: *** [CMakeFiles/gsthailo.dir/build.make:76: CMakeFiles/gsthailo.dir/gst-hailo/gsthailoplugin.cpp.o] Error 1</pre>
gmake[1]: *** [CMakeFiles/Makefile2:83: CMakeFiles/gsthailo.dir/all] Error 2
gmake: *** [Makefile:136: all] Error 2

### HailoRT-driver

1. Run the following command to compile HailoRT-driver:

```
$ cd hailort-driver
$ make all -j$(nproc)
$ sudo make install
$ sudo modprobe hailo_pci
```

- 2. Firmware download and automatic loading settings.
  - a. Run the following command to enter the top-level path of the pcie-driver source code:

```
$ cd hailort-driver
$./download_firmware.sh
$ sudo mkdir -p /lib/firmware/hailo/
```

\$ sudo mv hailo8\_fw.<VERSION>.bin /lib/firmware/hailo/hailo8\_fw.bin

- \$ sudo cp ./linux/pcie/51-hailo-udev.rules /etc/udev/rules.d/
- \$ sudo udevadm control --reload-rules && sudo udevadm trigger

### Note:

</VERSION> is the same as the current HailoRT-driver version, please check and confirm on your own. In this example, it is 4.19.0.

b. After the above operations, you need to restart HailoRT-driver. The following command can be used to verify whether HailoRT and HailoRT-driver are compiled and installed properly:

\$ hailortcli fw-control identify

You can view the connected Hailo-8 module information:

```
Figure 3-3 Hailo-8 Module Information

Last togen. And over 17 10:00:15 2024

user@starfive:~$ hailortcli fw-control identify

Executing on device: 0001:01:00.0

Identifying board

Control Protocol Version: 2

Firmware Version: 4.19.0 (release,app,extended context switch buffer)

Logger Version: 0

Board Name: Hailo-8

Device Architecture: HAIL08

Serial Number: HLLWMBA224901983

Part Number: HM218B1C2LAE

Product Name: HAIL0-8 AI ACC M.2 B+M KEY MODULE EXT TEMP
```

### Tappas

Run the following command to enter the top-level directory of Tappas source code:

```
$ cd tappas/
```

- \$ ./install.sh --skip-hailort --target-platform vf2
- \$ source /home/user/.hailo/tappas/tappas\_env

### 4. Demo

### System Setting

After booting up, StarFive recommends to turn off CPU auto frequency regulation and run the following command under root:

```
$ su -
$ echo performance > /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cpufreq/scaling_governor
```

### **Enable HailoRT Monitor (optional)**

1. Run the following command to enable Hailo monitor, which can monitor the utilization rate of NPU devices, models used, and FPS output in real-time:

\$ hailortcli monitor

### Figure 4-1 Enable Hailo Monitor

Ð		user@starfive	:~				٩	■ ×
Device ID	Utilization (%)	Architecture	2					
Model	Utilization (%)	FPS	PID					
Model	Stream			Direction	Avg Ma	Frames Queue x Min	Capacity	
Monitor did not retrieve any files. This occurs with the second s	when there is no application curr variable 'HAILO_MONITOR' is set t	ently running. to 1.						

2. Open another shell (this shell must be the one running the demo program), and specify the environment variables:

\$ export HAILO\_MONITOR=1

#### Figure 4-2 Specify environment variables

```
user@starfive:~/tappas/apps/h8/gstreamer/general/detection$ export HAILO MONITOR=1
user@starfive:~/tappas/apps/h8/gstreamer/general/detection$ ./detection.sh -i /dev/video4
-network yolov5
```

3. When executing the demonstration case, HailoRT detects that the HAILO.MONITOR variable of this shell process is 1, and will output real-time monitoring data of the NPU module:

Figure 4-3 Monitor Data		· ·							
+		user@starfiv	/e: ~					Q	≡
evice ID	Utilization (%)	Architectu	ire						
001:01:00.0	22.5	HAIL08							
odel	Utilization (%)	FPS	PID						
olov5m_wo_spp_60p	22.5	15.0	4456						
lodel	Stream			Direction	Avg	Fra Max	mes Queue Min	Capacity	
volov5m wo_spp_60p volov5m wo_spp_60p volov5m wo_spp_60p volov5m wo_spp_60p	yalov5m_wa_spp_60p/i yalov5m_wa_spp_60p/c yalov5m_wa_spp_60p/c yalov5m_wa_spp_60p/c	nput_layer1 onv93_132 onv84_132 onv74_132		H2D D2H D2H D2H D2H	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	1 1 1	0 0 0	4 4 4 4	

### **Tappas Demo**

The following demo cases can be directly used under Tappas.

### Note:

The demo under Tappas uses GStreamer videosink with xvimagesink and ximagesink, while VisionFive 2's Debian uses Wayland protocol, these demos need to modify their startup scripts by changing the ximagesink in video\_stink\_ element to waylandink:

### Figure 4-4 Change Startup Scripts

video\_sink\_element=\$([ "\$XV\_SUPPORTED" = "true" ] && echo "xvimagesink" || echo "ximagesink")

video\_sink\_element=\$([ "\$XV\_SUPPORTED" = "true" ] && echo "xvimagesink" || echo "waylandsin

Otherwise, the following error will occur during runtime:

#### Figure 4-6 Error

```
Setting pipeline to PAUSED ...
Config file doesn't exist, using default parameters
Pipeline is PREROLLING ...
Redistribute latency...
X Error of failed request: BadValue (integer parameter out of range for operation)
Major opcode of failed request: 131 (XInputExtension)
Minor opcode of failed request: 46 ()
Value in failed request: 0xd
Serial number of failed request: 51
Current serial number in output stream: 55
```

#### • Instance\_segmentation:

```
$ cd /home/user/tappas/apps/h8/gstreamer/general/instance_segmentation/
$ ./instance_segmentation -i /dev/video4
```



### Note:

The command /dev/video4 specifies the used USB camera.

#### • Detection:

```
$ cd /home/user/tappas/apps/h8/gstreamer/general/instance_segmentation/
$ ./instance_segmentation -i /dev/ video4-- video4
```

Note: Specify the use of YOLOv5 model through -network.

- Cascading networks:
  - \$ cd /home/user/tappas/apps/h8/gstreamer/general/cascading\_networks/
    - 1. face\_detection\_and\_landmarks:

./face\_detection\_and\_landmarks.sh -i /dev/video4

2. object\_detection\_and\_pose\_estimation:

./object\_detection\_and\_pose\_estimation.sh -i /dev/video4



When the following error occurs, check if the TAPPAS-WORKSPACE environment variable is missing.

Figure 4-7 Error [HailoRT] [error] CHECK failed - Failed opening file, path: /apps/h8/gstreamer/general/cascading\_networks/resources/lightface\_slim.hef [HailoRT] [error] CHECK\_SUCCESS failed with status=HAILO\_OPEN\_FILE\_FAILURE(13) [HailoRT] [error] Failed creating HEF [HailoRT] [error] CHECK\_SUCCESS failed with status=HAILO\_OPEN\_FILE\_FAILURE(13) [HailoRT] [error] Failed creating HEF [HailoRT] [error] CHECK\_SUCCESS failed with status=HAILO\_OPEN\_FILE\_FAILURE(13) [HailoRT] [error] CHECK\_SUCCESS failed with status=HAILO\_OPEN\_FILE\_FAILURE(13)

If this error occurs, you can set the environment variable: export TAPPAS-WORKSPACE=path\_to-tappas/
tappas/, where path\_to-tappas is the path where the Tappas source code directory is located.

### NpuDetectorLib Demo

- 1. Run the following command to download and compile NpuDetectorLib:
  - \$ tar -xvf NpuDetectorLib.tar
  - \$ cd NpuDetectorLib
  - \$ cmake -H. -Bbuild -DSHOW\_LABEL=ON -DBUILD\_TESTER=ON
  - \$ cmake --build build
- 2. Download the required resources:
  - \$ ./get\_sources.sh
- 3. Run the following command to demo target recognition:
  - ° \$ ./build/tests/TestExecutable -i /dev/video4 -m models/yolov8s\_nms.json -a yolov8\_nms
  - ° \$ ./build/tests/TestExecutable -i /dev/video4 -m models/yolov8s\_pose.json -a yolov8\_pose

# 5. Appendix

Click to buy USB Camera.