

# Run RPi Demo on VisionFive 2 to Make an LED Blink

with Python Application Note

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## **Legal Statements**

Important legal notice before reading this documentation.

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## **Preface**

About this guide and technical support information.

## **About this document**

This application note provides steps to run RPi GPIO demo on VisionFive 2 to make an LED blink.

## **Version History**

#### Table 0-1 Version History

Table 6 2 Telesion Tilbiol y			
Version	Released	Revision	
1.2	2025/06/10	Updated the <i>Connect LED to the 40-Pin Header</i> table in <u>Hardware Setup (on page 9)</u> .	
1.1	2023/06/08	Updated the method for installing VisionFive.gpio package in Preparing Software (on page 10).	
1.0	2023/05/31	The first official release.	

## **Notes and notices**

The following notes and notices might appear in this guide:

· 🕖 1

Tip:

Suggests how to apply the information in a topic or step.

• 📝

Note:

Explains a special case or expands on an important point.

Important:

Points out critical information concerning a topic or step.

• (I) CAUTION:

Indicates that an action or step can cause loss of data, security problems, or performance issues.

Warning:

Indicates that an action or step can result in physical harm or cause damage to hardware.

## 1. Introduction

This application note provides steps to run RPi GPIO demo on VisionFive 2 to make an LED blink.



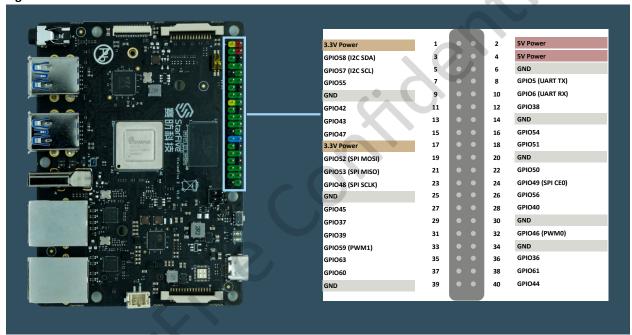
## Tip:

VisonFive.gpio is compatible with the RPi.GPIO command, which means that the RPi.GPIO python demo can be run on VisionFive 2. In addition, the callback function of API add\_event\_detect() has been optimized compared to RPi.GPIO, which adds a <code>edge\_type</code> parameter in callback function. Therefore, the python demo of RPi.GPIO related to callback functions needs to be modified manually by adding <code>edge\_type</code> parameter.

## 1.1. 40-Pin GPIO Header Definition

The following figure shows the location of the 40-pin header on VisionFive 2.

Figure 1-1 40-Pin GPIO Header Definition





#### Note:

The multiplexed pin has been initialized and cannot be used as a general GPIO.

# 2. Preparation

Before executing the demo program, make sure you prepare the following:

# 2.1. Environment Requirements

The environment requirements are as follows:

• Linux Kernel: Linux 5.15

OS: Debian 12SBC: VisionFive 2SoC: JH-7110

## 2.2. Preparing Hardware

Before executing the demo program, make sure you prepare the following:

**Table 2-1 Hardware Preparation** 

Туре	M/O*	Item	Notes
General	М	VisionFive 2 Board	VO.
General	М	<ul> <li>32 GB (or more) micro-SD card</li> <li>Micro-SD card reader</li> <li>Computer (Windows/Mac OS/Linux)</li> <li>USB to serial converter (3.3 V I/O)</li> <li>Ethernet cable</li> <li>Power adapter (5 V / 3 A)</li> <li>USB Type-C Cable</li> </ul>	These items are used for flashing Debian OS into a Micro-SD card.
GPIO De- mo (LED)	М	<ul> <li>An LED</li> <li>A Breadboard</li> <li>Two Male-Female jumper wires</li> <li>470 Ω color ring resistor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>LED stands for Light Emitting Diode, and glows when electricity is passed through it. The longer leg (known as the 'anode'), is always connected to the positive supply of the circuit. The shorter leg (known as the 'cathode') is connected to the negative side of the power supply, known as 'ground'.</li> <li>Breadboard: Refer to Breadboard Introduction (on page 9).</li> <li>Resistor: Resistors are a way of limiting the amount of electricity going through a circuit; specifically, they limit the amount of 'current' that is allowed to flow.</li> </ul>



\*: M: Mandatory, O: Optional

#### **Breadboard Introduction**

The breadboard is a way of connecting electronic components to each other without having to solder them together. They are often used to test a circuit design before creating a Printed Circuit Board (PCB). As shown in the following figure, there are two lines at the top and the bottom respectively of the breadboard. These two lines are used for power connection: the blue line is for negative and the red line is for positive. Besides, they are divided into two sections, and the holes in each section are connected.

In each column (from A to E, and F to J), holes are connected electrically. In each row (from 1 to 57), holes are not connected.

Figure 2-1 Breadboard Overview



## 2.2.1. Hardware Setup

The following table and figure describe how to connect LED to the 40-pin GPIO Header:

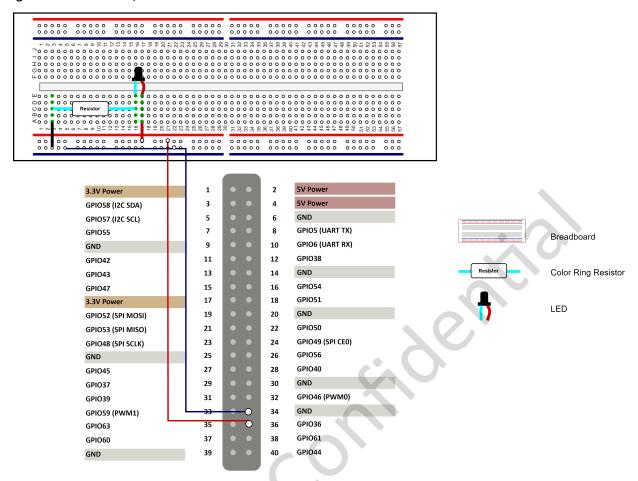
Table 2-2 Connect LED to the 40-Pin Header

LED	40-Pin GPIO Header		
LED	Pin Number	Pin Name	
Positive	36	GPIO36	
Negative	34	GND	

Perform the following to connect the LED to the 40-pin GPIO Header:

- 1. Connect GPIO36 pin of VisionFive 2 to the red line of the breadboard.
- 2. Set up the resistor as shown in the following figure.
- 3. Connect the longer leg of the LED to the red line of the breadboard.
- 4. Connect the shorter leg of the LED to the blue line of the breadboard.
- 5. Connect the GND pin of VisionFive 2 to the blue line of the breadboard.

Figure 2-2 Connect LED, resistor to the 40-Pin Header



## 2.3. Preparing Software

Make sure the following procedures are performed:



#### Note:

The python project, VisionFive.gpio, is applicable for VisionFive, VisionFive 2 and JH-7110 EVB.

- 1. Flash Debian OS into a Micro-SD card as described in the *Flashing Fedora OS to a Micro-SD Card* section in the *VisionFive*2 Single Board Computer Quick Start Guide.
- Log into the Debian and make sure VisionFive 2 is connected to the Internet. For detailed instructions, refer to the <u>Using SSH over Ethernet</u> or *Using a USB to Serial Converter* section in the <u>VisionFive 2 Single Board Computer Quick Start Guide</u>.
- 3. Extend the partition on Debian as described in *Extend Partition* in the <u>VisionFive 2 Single Board Computer Quick Start</u> *Guide*.
- 4. Execute the following command to install PIP on Debian:

apt-get install python3-pip

5. Execute the pip command on VisionFive 2 Debian to install the VisionFive.gpio package:



## Note:

Due to the fact that pypi.org official website does not yet support uploading whl installation packages for the RISC-V platform, so it cannot directly execute pip install VisionFive.gpio command to install online.



Please follow the steps below to install the VisionFive.gpio package.

a. Execute the following command to install dependent package:

```
apt install libxml2-dev libxslt-dev python3 -m pip install requests wget bs4
```

b. Execute the following command to run the installation script Install\_VisionFive\_gpio.py:

```
python3 Install_VisionFive_gpio.py
```

The installation script codes are as follows:

```
import requests
import wget
import sys
import os
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
def parse_data(link_addr, class_type, key_str):
         req = requests.get(url=link_addr)
         req.encoding = "utf-8"
        html=req.text
        soup = BeautifulSoup(req.text,features="html.parser")
        package_version = soup.find(class_type,class_=key_str)
         dd = package_version.text.strip()
         data = dd.split()
         return data
def parse_link(link_addr, class_type, key_str):
        req = requests.get(url=link_addr)
        req.encoding = "utf-8"
        html=req.text
         soup = BeautifulSoup(req.text,features="html.parser")
         search_data = soup.find(class_type,class_=key_str)
        search_data_2 = search_data.find("a")
         dl_link_get = search_data_2.get("href")
        return dl_link_get
def get_dl_addr_page():
        link_address = "https://pypi.org/project/VisionFive.gpio/#history"
        key_str = "release__version"
        class_key = "p"
         data_get = parse_data(link_address, class_key, key_str)
         latest_version = data_get[0]
         dl_addr_page
       "https://pypi.org/project/VisionFive.gpio/{}/#files".format(latest_version)
          return dl_addr_page
 def get_dl_addr_of_latest_version(link_addr):
        key_str = "card file__card"
         class_key = "div"
          addr_get = parse_link(link_addr, class_key, key_str)
         return addr get
def main():
        dl_addr_p = get_dl_addr_page()
         whl_dl_addr = get_dl_addr_of_latest_version(dl_addr_p)
         whl_name = whl_dl_addr.split("/")[-1]
         whl_name_suffix = os.path.splitext(whl_name)[-1]
         whl_name_prefix = os.path.splitext(whl_name)[0]
         whl_name_prefix_no_platform = whl_name_prefix[0: len(whl_name_prefix) - 3]
        new_platform = "linux_riscv64"
         rename\_whl\_name = "\{\}\{\}\{\}".format(whl\_name\_prefix\_no\_platform, new\_platform, new\_pla
  whl_name_suffix)
```



```
wget.download(whl_dl_addr, out=rename_whl_name)
os.system("pip install " + rename_whl_name)
os.system("rm -rf " + rename_whl_name)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    sys.exit(main())
```



# 3. Running Demo Codes

To run the demo code, perform the following on VisionFive 2 Debian:

- 1. To run the RPi demo on VisionFive 2, you need to replace the import RPi.GPIO as GPIO command with import VisionFive.gpio as GPIO in the RPi Python demo.
- 2. Locate to the directory where the test code, #GPIO\_basic#\_run\_on\_VisionFive.py, exists:
  - a. Execute the following command to install dependency:

```
pip install pillow
```

b. Execute the following command to get the directory where VisionFive.gpio exists:

pip show VisionFive.gpio

#### Result:

Location: /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages



#### Note:

The actual output depends on how the application is installed.

c. Execute the following to enter the directory, for example, /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages as indicated in the previous step output:

cd /usr/local/lib64/python3.9/site-packages

d. Execute the following command to enter the sample-code directory:

cd ./VisionFive/sample-code/

3. Under the sample-code directory, execute the following command to execute the demo code:

 $\verb+sudo+ python RPi_demo_\# \textit{GPIO\_basic\#\_run\_on\_VisionFive.py}$ 

Alternatively, you can execute the following command:

sudo python3 RPi\_demo\_#GPIO\_basic#\_run\_on\_VisionFive.py

#### Result:

LED flashes periodically, and you can customize the flashing interval period in the command.

## 4. Demo Source Code

The Python source code of this demo is provided for reference purposes only.

RPi\_demo\_#GPIO\_basic#\_run\_on\_VisionFive.py:

```
#import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
                           # import RPi.GPIO module
#*****
#Note: above command must be replaced with command below
from time import sleep
                            # let us have a delay
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
                           # choose BCM or BOARD
GPIO.setup(36, GPIO.OUT)
                          # set GPIO27 as an output
   while True:
      GPIO.output(36, 1)
                           # set GPIO27 to 1/GPIO.HIGH/True
      sleep(0.5)
                           # wait half a second
      GPIO.output(36, 0)
                           # set GPIO27 to O/GPIO.LOW/False
                           # wait half a second
      sleep(0.5)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
                            # trap a CTRL + C keyboard interrupt
                            # reset all GPIO ports used by this program
   GPIO.cleanup()
```

## 5. Resources

Click on this tab to find all SBC relevant resources.

StarFive provides the following resources to guide you through an extraordinary experience on using the VisionFive 2 SBC.

- RVspace Wiki
- Application Center
- Documentation Center
- Technical Forum
- VisionFive 2 GitHub Repository
- VisionFive 2 Debian OS Download
- Code download
- View All PDF Documents

# 6. Buy Now

Click on this tab to find all the online shops and compatible accessories.

## **Buy SBC**

Use the following page to find your nearest sales channel or the global channels for purchasing a VisionFive 2 Single Board Computer (SBC).

• Buy VisionFive 2

## **Buy Parts**

Use the following page to find the parts that are tested as compatible with VisionFive 2.

• Buy Accessory